

The SOUTHERN CROSS

Newsletter of the Sterling

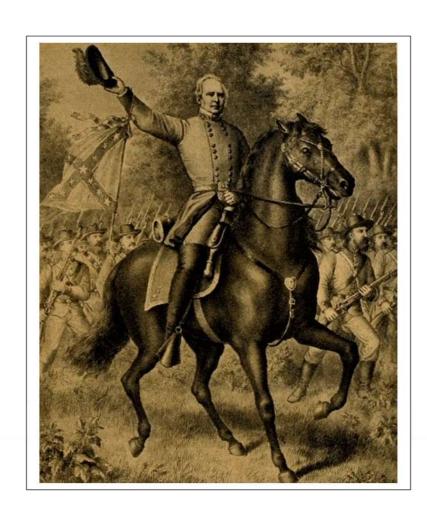
Price Camp #145

Sons of Confederate

Veterans

St. Louis, MO

April Edition, 2019



# **Charge to the Sons**



"To you Sons of Confederate Veterans, we will submit the vindication of the cause for which we fought. To your strength will be given the defense of the Confederate soldier's good name, the guardianship of his history, the emulation of his virtues, the perpetuation of those principles he loved and which made him glorious and which you also cherish. Remember it is your duty to see that the true history of the South is presented to future generations."

**General Stephen Dill Lee** 

# **2019 Camp Officers**

Commander - Ray Cobb;

First Lt. Commander – Bill Napier; Second Lt Commander – Robert Kennedy;

Sgt. at Arms – Dan Maltman; Adjutant – Chuck Knight;

**Historian – Gene Dressel**;

**Chaplain – James England;** 

Please consider supporting Heritage Defense. Even a small gift will matter.

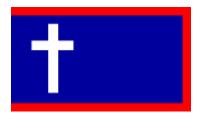
http://www.scv.org/new/heritage-defense-fund/

Sons of Confederate Veterans PO Box 59 Columbia, TN 38402 1-800-693-4943

# Statement of Purpose

We, the Sons of Confederate Veterans, having been commissioned by the Confederate Veterans themselves, retain our responsibility and right to adhere to the founding principles of the United States of America remembering the bravery, defending the honor and protecting the memory of our beloved Confederate Veterans, which includes their memorials, images, symbols, monuments and gravesites for ourselves and future generations.

Sons of Confederate Beterans



# **Camp Calendar**

12:30 PM Social Time

1:00 PM Meeting Starts

Please join us. All monthly meetings are held at the Schnuck's Supermarket at 12756 Olive Street Boulevard in Creve Coeur. It is approximately 1.9 miles west of I-270 on the south side of the street. Take the Olive Boulevard exit off INT 270 and go west about one mile until a half a block after you pass Mason Road, then turn left into Bellerive Plaza and at the stop sign make another slight left into the Schnucks parking lot. We have been asked to park near the Firestone Tire Store at the left end of the lot as you face the store. The "Back Stage" room is located inside the front part of the store, on the Firestone store side, about 40 feet beyond the self-checkout counters. Please note: There is prepared food available at the Deli. ONLY FOOD PURCHASED AT SCHNUCKS MAY BE BROUGHT INTO THE ROOM.

If you are interested in presenting at a program, or know of someone who is in 2018, contact Bill Napier, our Program Director.

Date	Program	Presenter	Function
Saturday, Apr 5-6, 2019	Quantrill; Sterling Price	Authors, Paul Petersen	Missouri Division
	and Missouri	and Roger Shultz	SCV Reunion, Sedalia, Mo
Saturday, Apr 13, 2019	To be announced	To be announced	Camp Meeting

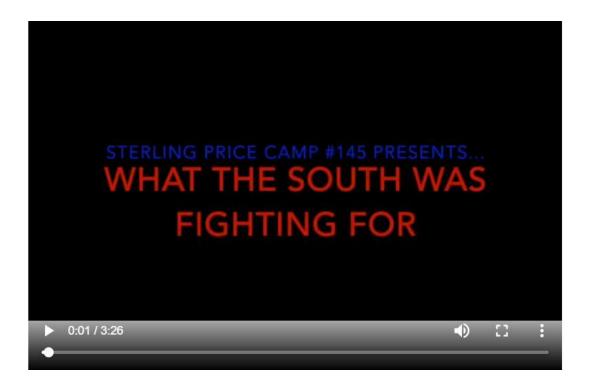


Robert Laven gave a passionate presentation on "Price's Raid" from an independent perspective. Although his family fought on the North, it is obvious he has an admiration for Gen. Jo Shelby and Jeff Thompson. He also revealed to us that the Yankee, Gen. Curtis, had told Generals Marmaduke and Cabell, who were captured at Mine Creek, that he intended to parade them among the Jayhawkers in Kansas. A secret note from them by way of a federal orderly to Gen. Rosecrans, put a stop to the Curtis plot, which may have saved their lives, if not from extreme abuse. After the program, he had copies of his book, "A Burned Land" for sale.

# **Camp Website**

After many years of dedicated support, the duty of webmaster passes from Andy Lewis to Brandan Kraft. We thank Andy for his talents and safe keeping of the website. Brandan is hosting the website free of charge on a new server that he will manage. The site still has the same address, <a href="www.pricecamp.org">www.pricecamp.org</a> but it has a new appearance and features. A few of these features include a new database search capability (for word or string of words look up), custom made videos, viewer changeable font size, and a soon to come interface for publishing new articles. Please check the website out and Brandan would love to get your input and suggestions. At the time of this writing (March 24th) articles were still being reconstructed from the old website design.

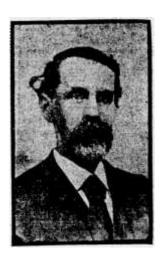
#### One of the new videos:



# Maj. John S. Mellon

#### \*\*\*\*\*

# Missouri Confederate that Identified Cholera Germs before Louis Pasteur By Scott Williams



John Mellon (1821-1903), was considered a founding father of the Confederate soldier's home in Higginsville, Missouri. He also organized the Southern Historical and Benevolent Association of St. Louis and the Ex-Confederate Association of Missouri. During the war he initially served in the Missouri State Guard, then transferred over to the Missouri Confederate Brigade. He was promoted to Commissary General with the rank of Major.



Not much is known about Maj. Mellon's early life. He was a native of Loudon County, Virginia. His father was a wealthy planter. At the age of 16, he ran away from home. In 1848 Mellon had gone to California, made a fortune, but returned back to his home in Pike County, Missouri. He and his first wife, Parthenia, were parents of three daughters, Virginia, Jennie, and Laura. In 1868 Parthenia died and the family soon moved to St. Louis, where Maj. Mellon would enter the real estate business. Aside from that, we know he had a brother, a Capt. Thomas J. Mellon (1822-1862), Co F, 7<sup>th</sup> Arkansas Infantry that died of an illness during the war.

One thing that set Maj. Mellon a part from other men, he was a self-taught scientist and physician. As a young man, as early as 1847, using a microscope he

identified the infection of livestock by micro-organisms, which he termed, "parasites", that caused illness. During the war, while he was in charge of thousands of head of livestock, an epidemic of cholera broke out. Many soldiers became sick and were dying. Mellon employed two university professors using a very strong microscope (from Oxford University in Mississippi) to identify contaminated animals. Over the years he found a recipe for curing cholera, which saved the lives of animals and men, including himself. He found as long as the disease did not progress to the point where the patient could not swallow food, they could be saved by eating nothing but turnips. (It is known today that turnips do have strong anti-microbial properties.) During one outbreak, Mellon claimed to have saved the lives of 198 out of 200 cholera patients.

In 1866, Mellon with Maj. John N. Edwards published an article in a St. Louis Times newspaper regarding his theory of micro-organism parasites for the cause of cholera and diphtheria. It is claimed that Louis Pasteur acknowledged and received his original idea in developing his famed "germ theory". Unfortunately for Mellon he did not publish his discovery in a scientific journal and lacked the formal education of Pasteur. Pasteur received awards, money, and notoriety for his discovery, yet no public credit for Maj. Mellon. Yet Mellon helps Pasteur to connect microorganisms to human diseases, thus making a valuable contribution to science and humanity, although the world does not realize it.

Later in life, Mellon's fortune was long gone. By 1901 he offers to sell his "rare army experiences" to a New York writer as he is "very poor". It is not known that anything became of that effort. On Feb 6, 1903, after an 8-month long illness, he passed away at his home at 2945 Olive Street. At the funeral, Capt. John T. Appler of the St. Louis Ex-Confederate Veteran Association told how he shared his last handful of parched corn with Major Mellon. It was mentioned how Mellon made the first use of a pontoon bridge by Confederate forces. It was also claimed he had turned away a superior force of Union cavalry by riding twenty-two horsemen back and forth along a long bridge.

Among the veterans that attended his memorial services were, Maj. Michael K. McGrath (Confederate), Col. Edward Brodie Hull (Confederate), Dr. John A. Leavy (Confederate), John W. Wray (Confederate), Col. Celsus Price (Confederate), Patrick Ahearn (Confederate), Patrick O'Connell (Confederate), E. J. Stiles (Confederate), Lt. Col. J. O. Churchill (Union), and Capt. Ford Smith (Union).

Mellon's remains were taken to Riverside cemetery in Hannibal to be buried alongside his first wife in section C45, however it is without a headstone. Besides his widow, he left behind three daughters, and a grandson, that at the time resided in Denver, Colorado. A Confederate cross of honor was given to his grandson, John S. M. Tibbets. Note: His 2<sup>nd</sup> wife, Jennie Eliza Mellon, passed away in 24 Aug, 1923 in St. Louis and is buried at Valhalla cemetery in Bel-Nor, St. Louis County, Missouri.

An announcement that Maj. Mellon's had published in the Post Dispatch in 1875.

Attention! First Missouri Brigade! There will be a meeting of the surviving members of the First Missouri Confederate Infantry brigade, held at the office of Maj. John S. Mellen, No. 510 Chestnut street, on next Saturday night. May 8, 1875, at 7% o'clock. Every member of the brigade now living in St. Louis, or who may be here at that time, is expected to be present.

Figure 1 St. Louis Post-Dispatch (St. Louis, Missouri) · Thu, May 6, 1875



# How clothing or tents could be water-proofed in 1861.

This formula calls for using turpentine and beeswax. Reenactors may be interested in trying this out.

From the Fayetteville Observer (Fayetteville, Tennessee), Oct 17, 1861.

A correspondent, writing on business, refers to the following mode for making cloth waterproof:

"Below is a receipt for making cloth water-proof, which I have found very useful in making water-proof clothing for my negroes to pick out cotton in when the weeds are wet from rains or dews; and for tents I would as soon have it, indeed, or would prefer it to rubber, for it is more pliant:

"To every gallon of spirits turpentine put 2½ pounds of beeswax,
boil it well in a pot, remove the
fire, and while it is hot put in
your goods; move it about until
it is well saturated, then hang it
up to dry. It will require one
gallon of turpentine to every eight
yards of goods."

#### **Oddities from the Past**

Dies from "Siege of Hiccups", Union Veteran, 6<sup>th</sup> Mo Militia Cavalry. St. Joseph, Missouri.

William Trader, an old St. Joseph citizen, died at 12:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon at his home, 912 Richardson street. Death was the result of a long siege of hiccoughs. The deceased was born in Fayette county, Pennsylvania, in 1834 and come to St. Joseph in 1866. Mr. Trader served in the Sixth Missouri cavalry during the war. He had suffered with hiccoughs for the past three months. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. The remains will be interred at Oakland cemetery.

Figure 2 St. Joseph Herald, 17 July 1897

# From Hale City, Carroll County, Missouri, 1893.

(If one of our readers knows the identity of Captain Bates or the back-story of this relationship, the editor would appreciate hearing it)

Captain Bates of Hale City, formerly of the Confederate army, has been made an honorary member of the Twenty-seventh Illinois volunteer infantry and has been assigned to the command of Company C.

### **Capt. Martin Van Buren Bates**

Born Nov 9th, 1837\* at Whitesburg, Letcher County, Kentucky. Enlisted as a Private in the Kentucky Cavalry, CSA. The son of John W. and Sarah Bates. His father was only 6'2" and mother, 5' 1". He enlisted to defend the principle of States rights. Bates' tombstone reads, "1st Lieut., Co A 7th BTT Conf Cav, CSA." In a short autobiography, Bates reports he first served in the 5<sup>th</sup> Kentucky Infantry, under Col. John S. Williams, and served until 1863 when he became a Lieutenant in Co A, Virginia State Line Troops until it was merged into the 7<sup>th</sup> Confederate Cavalry CSA under Col. Clarence Prentiss where he would be promoted to a Captain and serve until the end of the war. He states his "army experience served to bring into active use every muscle of the body and to enable me to endure hardship." He had a brother killed at Vicksburg. He died Jan 7, 1919 Seville, Medina County, Ohio where he is buried in Mound Hill cemetery. \* Tombstone reads birth in 1837 but according to his autobiography he claims it was in 1845. In addition, several newspaper accounts state he enlisted at age 16, which would support the 1845 date.

# Carried 4-Pound Watch.

HILE the latest thing in watches is the thin, round or octagon gold timepiece, Capt. Martin Van Buren Bates, who died recently at Seville, O., wore a watch that weighed four pounds. It was set with diamonds and a delicate set of chimes sounded the hours. The watch, which the owner carried in a vest pocket, was a gift from Queen Victoria.

Capt. Bates was a famous glant. He stood seven feet four inches, and weighed 380 pounds. He was born in Eastern Keutucky and served as a soldier in the command of Gen. John Morgan, the Confederate cavalry leader. He later toured the world with a circus with his first wife. Annie Swan, who was eight feet tall.



# Missing Southern Veterans.

Perhaps one of the saddest effects of the late war which yet remains is the great number of people who are still missing from their former homes and their old friends and relatives. For instance, writes a St. Louis ex-Confederate: I had an uncle who came home shortly after Appomattox. He arrived about 3 o'clock one afternoon at his home in Kentucky, dismounted, and kissed his wife fondly, scarcely speaking and very moody. Then mounting, remarked,—

"Mary, I'm going off for a little while; be good to yourself and the baby until

I come back."

He has never been seen by a relative since. We have indirectly heard of him a number of times, but on going to the point where he had been seen he had, invariably, just left. We traced him to a point in Dakota, finally, where he had established quite a large sheep ranche, but a week before his nephew got there his uncle had sold at a great sacrifice and left.

Southerners can relate hundreds of such cases from personal knowledge. There are secluded regions in the Ozark country which are inhabited only by these broken-hearted men, now hermits, self-isolated from society and their relatives. These fastnesses seclude many a husband of a supposed widow, or father of children who have mourned him as dead for more than a quarter of a century.

In "Missing Southern Veterans", although the editor has no medical credentials, this may be an example of soldiers suffering with posttraumatic stress.

#### A Missing Link

## Published by the Clarion-Ledger, July 19, 1892.

A Mississippi Confederate survivor published a letter seeking information as to a Federal who succored him when wounded. The letter reached the person sought, but the writer failing to furnish his name or address, the two are as far apart as before. Now, the Federal in the case, James Hill, of Cascade, Dubuque county, Iowa encloses a copy of said letter and requests The CLARION to republish the same. He says in conveying this request:

I have been deeply anxious ever since the battle was fought near Magnolia Church, Port Gibson, Miss. In May 1863, to know whether the said Confederate soldier lived. I found him in an opening, in a grove on Mr. Shafner's estate, in what I supposed a dying condition. I cared for him so far as I was able to do. Could you aid me in any way to find said soldier, I would be gratified. So far I have failed doing so, although I have published the facts in the Atlanta's Constitution and in the Courier Journal.

#### The Confederate Letter

"While I was engaged in the civil war at Port Gibson, Miss. I fell victim to the ill-fortune of war. I was severely wounded in my right lung, which rendered me unable to speak audibly and while in this condition there came to me an unknown friend, clad in blue, who showed me exceeding kindness.

After he administered to my thirst I surrendered my arms, and learning of my desires, he had me placed upon a litter and carried by unwilling men to a church nearby. There I was cared for until I was able to get elsewhere. In giving my details I will state that this friend did not carry me from the battlefield when he first found me, but left me for a while, telling me that he would return, and rendered me the above mentioned service.

Comparatively speaking, this man was my enemy, yet I am partially indebted to him for my present existence. Had it not been for that noble heart, that beat within his bosom I never would have been carried from the battlefield. More than once, the bearers of the litter complained of my weight and expressed their desire to carry men who would survive. I was too badly wounded to take any note as to the features of this friend, and as a result have no idea as to his general appearance, but think he was a non-commissioned officer and belonged to the infantry.

I belonged to the Sixth Mississippi Infantry, Company E, and we fought the Twentyninth Wisconsin regiment in our front. It is very seldom we experience a manifestation of such love and respect from a foe, and if the doer of that noble act is still living and can remember the expression as well as the act and will respond, I will be much gratified. If he has passed over the trials of this world and gone to try the realities of the unknown, I can only wish him peace, bliss and happiness. The Almighty power saw proper to spare me, and to allow me to re-unite with the Confederates and to return to my much loved country and raise a family that prides in the Sunny South as did their sire."

Note: The Atlanta Constitution had earlier published this Confederate soldier's letter, on November 1, 1891. Although the Constitution's letter was not read or responded to by the Federal soldier, unlike the Clarion-Ledger, it did identify the Confederate and his address. He is "E. M. Talbot of Rochester, Jackson Parish, Louisiana." I was able to track down his identification thanks to a blog entitled, "Mississippians in the Confederate Army". His full name is Edward Middleton Talbot. In 1860 he was living in Neshoba County, Mississippi. After being wounded he was not able to return to his Mississippi unit but hitched up with the 28th Louisiana Infantry. After the war he remained in Louisiana and operated a small farm. He died April 1, 1922 and is buried in Jonesboro cemetery, Jonesboro, Louisiana.

Now regarding to the federal soldier, James Hill, he was a Lieutenant, acting quartermaster of Co I, Twenty-First Iowa Infantry. On top of that he was awarded the Medal of Honor for his action at the Battle of Champion's Hill. He later became an Army chaplain, and after the war, a Baptist minister. He died Sept 22, 1899 and is buried at Cascade, Iowa.



Confederate encampment in Corinth, Mississippi. Painted by Conrad Wise Chapman, a Confederate Virginian that served with the 3<sup>rd</sup> Kentucky Infantry.

# Governor Jackson's Missouri Militia, at St. Louis as of May, 1861.



Figure 8 Lindell's Grove, St. Louis, Missouri

Below are the names of many St. Louis men, many of whom were Irish immigrants. As published in the December 15, 1895 issue of the St. Louis Post Dispatch. Note: The list is nearly the same as published with just a couple corrections made. It should be remembered newspaper men are usually in a rush to meet a deadline so typos are likely.

Brig. Gen. D. M. Frost

Staff: Maj. Robert Voorhis, Judge Advocate; Maj. John T. Anderson, P.M.; Maj. Joseph F. Scott, Surgeon; Maj. Wm D. Wood, aid-de-camp; Maj. Henry W. Williams, Q.M.; Maj. Nich. Wall, Commissary.

#### **First Regiment**

Lt. Col. John Knapp

Capt. W.C. Buchanan, adjutant; Capt. A.J.P. Garesche, Judge Advocate; Capt. L.S. Hatch, Com. and acting Q.M.; Capt. Louis T. Pim, Surgeon; Capt. John D. Drew, P.M.

Co A, "St. Louis Grays"

Capt. Martin Burke; 1st Lt. S. O. Coleman; 2<sup>nd</sup> Lt. H. R. Belt; 3<sup>rd</sup> Lt. R. U. Leonori; 1<sup>st</sup> Sgt W. B. Craft; 2<sup>nd</sup> Sgt. Samuel M. Gilfillan; 3<sup>rd</sup> Sgt. Francis Glickart; 4<sup>th</sup> Sgt. Joseph Boyce; 5<sup>th</sup> Sgt. Robert McKenna; 1<sup>st</sup> Corp. Wm. J. Pentland; 2<sup>nd</sup> Corp. M.

Morris; 3<sup>rd</sup> Corp. F. Gilchrist; Privates: Wm. Corkery; George C. Dean; J.J. Corkery; John A. Price; Henry J. Leonori; A. Gallagher; George Dausman; E.M. Koninszeski; W.J. Robinson; Thomas Keith; John Mullery; George Pife; Charles Overbeck; Wm. Haley; John Young; E.O. English; A. Smith; Stephen Vienna; M. Craig; R.W. Craig; A. Gaylord; J. Virden; James Sullivan; E. Calston; S. Maston; M.J. Coleman; Daniel O'Connell; James M. Johnston; Frank Gorin; H.P. Duchring; Stanley M. Breed; H.E. Bartling; A. Kennedy; C.D. Ferguson; J.C. Slaughter; Wm. May; Martin Kelly; George M. Conroy; M. Gardner; J.W. Connell; A. Coss; James Malloy; Oliver Wooley; George Carmelich; James Fisher; Coleman Lehan; Charles B. Mathews; John Merrill; Wm. Brown; John Lockett; Elihu Shepard.

#### Co B, "Sarsfield Guards"

Capt. Charles L. Rogers; 1<sup>st</sup> Lt. Thomas Curley; 2<sup>nd</sup> Lt. Hugh McDermott; 1<sup>st</sup> Sgt. Thomas O'Neil; 3<sup>rd</sup> Sgt. Daniel M. Sexton; 4<sup>th</sup> Sgt. John Cummiskey; 5<sup>th</sup> Sgt. Michael Haughey; 2<sup>nd</sup> Corp. David Rohen; 3<sup>rd</sup> Corp. John O'Connell; 4<sup>th</sup> Corp. Jules A. Gibson; Privates: Wm. Baggott; Mathew J. Brennan; Marshall Boudreaux; Wm. S. Burke; Francis Buster; Morris Carroll; Joseph Champaigne; John Clary; James Garay; Thomas Davis; Thomas Doyle; John G. Fitzgerald; James Fitzwilliams; Edw. Foley; Wm. Fox; E. Gallagher; James Gibson; Francis Flynn; Wm. Jones; John Kennedy; James Lancaster; James Leary; Henry C. McDonald; Thomas McGue; Chas. Miller; Chas. Moore; Michael McNeill; Peter Nugent; James Nealis; James O'Hara; Michael O'Mally; John A. Phelan; John Phelan; John S. Powers; Thomas A. Reilly; Wm. Revell; James Rogers; John Byrne; Pat Holden; Thos. W. Harrington.

#### Co. C "Washington Guards"

Capt. Patrick Gorman; 1st Lt Robert Tucker; 2nd Lt Thomas Moylan; 3rd Lt Cornelius Heffernan; Color Bearer, R. King; 1st Sqt. M. Hodnett; 2nd Sqt. Thomas Foley; 3rd Sqt. Daniel Woods; 4th Sqt. P. Shevlin; 5th Sqt. Thomas Roche; 1st Corp Mathew Ryan; 2<sup>nd</sup> Corp. Dennis O'Bryan; 3<sup>rd</sup> Corp. Patrick Heffernan; 4<sup>th</sup> Corp. Alexander Fox; Privates: Richard Barry; Wm. Buckly; John Blake; Patrick Brennan; Daniel Cavanaugh; John Dwyer; Thomas Dwyer; J.H. Diniff; John Deady; Michael Dwyer; Jas. Eagan; Michael Fox; Alex. Fox; Jas. Fitzgerald; Jas. Fitzpatrick; Michael Griffin; John Gray; Thomas Gorman; Thomas Gleason; John Heffernan; Thomas Heffernan; Joseph Furley; George Hunt; John Hennessey; Timothy Healy; James Johnson; Wm. Keating; Roger Keahan; Michael Keane; James Malloy; Michael Murphy; Patrick McKoons; Patrick McCann; Thomas O'Hara; John Redmond; Thomas Roughan; Wm. Hogan; Michael Summers; Thos. Tallis, Thomas Tracey; James Walsh; Dennis Woods; R. H. Woods; E.P. Woods; James Whelan, J.B. Fowler; John Regan; J. Cavanaugh; Wm. Hebert; Ed Sheehy; Jas. Hamilton; Michael Loughlin; John Corcoran; Thomas Dwyer; John O'Connor; Michael Doyle; Jas. Kennedy; John Delaney; Michael Walsh; John Hurley; Wm. Louder.

#### Co D, "Emmett Guards"

Capt. Philip Coyne; 1st Lt. Edw. Byrne; 2nd Lt. Mathew Parks; 3rd Lt. Jos. Shields; 1st Sgt. John Keane; 2nd Sgt. John Boyle; 3rd Sgt. Michael Murphy; 4th Sgt. J.H. Kelly; 5th Sgt. Lawrence Kenny; 1st Corp. Patrick Collins; 2nd Corp. Thomas Dunn; 3rd Corp. Michael Dunn; Privates: John Coleman; J. N. Tivy; Hugh Dougherty; Wm. Doyle; Michael Dillon; Edward Flood; John Flannigan; David Hurley; Peter Kelly; Thomas Kirk; Henry A. Knight; Jos. Knight; John McMahon; Michael McGuire; Chas. McCarthy; Wm. Moran; James Hyndman; Thomas Neinar; Patrick O'Brien; John O'Connell; Jer. Ryan; Michael Reynolds; John H. Sloan; Thos. Skein; Thos. Reardon; Patrick Ward; Wm. Purcks; Wm. Hodnett; Wm. Medlrcroft; Chr. Casey; J.B. Connellan; Mich. Fitzpatrick; Martin Connellan; D.C. O'Connor; S. H. Young; Patrick Canniff; Patrick Cahill; Wm. Kidney; Jas. Donnelly; Laurence Kennedy; Fras. Crumps; Edward Ward; Jas. Armstrong; P. O'Farrell; Patrick Foley; Tim Toohey; Jas. Dugan; Thomas Reynolds; Patrick McDonnell; John Shanon; Wm. J. Hanahan; J. H. McNamara; Dennis Cassidy; Bernard Cavanaugh; Patrick Lamb.

#### Co E, "Washington Blues" (on detached duty at Jefferson City)

Capt. Joseph Kelly; 1<sup>st</sup> Lt. F.M. Furbar; 2<sup>nd</sup> Lt. John R. Drew; 3<sup>rd</sup> Lt. Daniel Woods; 1<sup>st</sup> Sgt. John Walsh; 2<sup>nd</sup> Sgt. Patrick Sullivan; 1<sup>st</sup> Corp. Walter Reilly; 2<sup>nd</sup> Corp. M.K. McGrath. Privates: F. Cosgrove; Patrick Welden; Thomas Lidwell; Lawrence Quirk; S. Lowrey; James Fitzgerald; Robert Lidwell; Walter Doyle; Wm. Sweeney; James Kelly; Walter Maxwell; Patrick McGuinney; John O'Mara; Thomas O'Mara; John Kennedy; Robert McLaughlin; Patrick Tracey; John Morrisey; P. McCormick; Laurence Grady; Laurence Brady; Mich. Furlong; Wm. Walsh; John Gleeson; Charles Tallis; John Toohey; Wm. Doyle; P. Power; James Ferry; James H. Kelly; James Smith; Wm. Spleen; John Murray; James Ball; Wm. Tobin.

#### Company F, "Laclede Guards"

Capt. W. H. Fraser; 1st Lt. Stephan McBride; 2nd Lt. John Thomas; 3rd Lt. John Henderson; 1st Sgt. W. G. Watson; 2nd Sgt. Wm. Smith; 1st Corp. Thomas D. Woodard. Privates: Patrick Regan; Eichl Maher; Francis Henshaw; Peter Flynn; Peter Burke; D. Burns; T. Lahae; Wm. Bretton; Dennis McCarthy; Patrick Row; Dennis O'Hearn; Wm. Choen; Dennis Daly; Patrick Cane; Thomas Monter; John W Underwood; John Rowe; M. Mahill; James Kennedy; Patrick Fogerty; James Worsick; Richard Ward; John Callahan; John Downey; James Whitesides; John Fivery; Mathew Rogers; John Walsh; D. R. Straub; Frank Crawford; Joseph Young; James Casey; Mich. Cowley; John Barry; James Connor; James Murray; John Murphy; Maurice O'Donnell; Robert Miller; Michael Dolan; John Kirk.

#### Co. G. "Missouri Guard"

Capt. George W. West; 1<sup>st</sup> Lt. Sol Scott, Jr.; 2<sup>nd</sup> Lt. A. Bernoudy; 3<sup>rd</sup> Lt. F.W. Roberts; 1<sup>st</sup> Sgt. S. Hendell; 2<sup>nd</sup> Sgt. S. S. Homan; 3<sup>rd</sup> Sgt. J. H. Purvis; 4<sup>th</sup> Sgt. J.

F. Agler; 5<sup>th</sup> Sgt. F. (?)arned; 1<sup>st</sup> Corp. John W. Hill; 2<sup>nd</sup> Corp. Robert Buchanan; 3<sup>rd</sup> Corp. Wm. D. Morris; 4<sup>th</sup> Corp. E. Sully; Color Corp. D. R. Smucker; Color Corp. E. Darby. Privates: George Beardslee; Chas Clark; D.E. Garrison; W.C. Huffman; T. L. Morgan; J. L. Pitcher; D.W. Pitchett; T.C. Ready; James Wenderer; C.H. Wyman; S. H. Malcolm; J.F. Teaken; E.A. Bernoudy; F.R. Wilkinson; W. Hardcastle; D. Kennedy; N.W. Cameron; George Buchanan; E.C. Croley; F. L. Garesche; D. J. Lally; W.D. Waples; Ben Von Phul; A. P. Saugrain; H.A. Parmalee; P.N. Ryan; Alex. A. Leseuer; W.A. Crow; L. Kohlund; J.H. Sumrall; H. Cheney; J. Leddy; A.B. Brant; Joseph J. Kirby; F.B. Pither; L. Cole; \_\_\_\_\_ Cochran.

#### Co H. "Jackson Guards"

Capt. I. W. Watcher; 1<sup>st</sup> Lt. John W. Hennessey; 2<sup>nd</sup> Lt. John M. Money; 3<sup>rd</sup> Lt. John Bullock; 1<sup>st</sup> Sgt. James Tracey; Privates: Pat Ahearn; Edw. Bagot; Edw. Casey; James Casey; Michael Dinaan; John Fleming; Michael Higgis; T. M. Kinsella; Mike Kelcher; James Maguire; John Mullen; J. O'Leary; Michael Prendiville; Leander W. Sterrett; John (?) C. Sterrett; James Stewart; John Moore; Thos. Egan; James Conroy; John Shea; Joseph Green; Thos. A. Nally; Michael Walsh; Pat O'Leary; K. Larkin; Maurice (?)ooney; Thos. Hannegan; Thos. Keegan; John Bullock; Edw. Clark; James Hester; James Hayes; Maurice Sheehan; Wm. Hanon; Dennis Quinlivan; John Coleman; Tomas Halloran; Thos. McGovern; Thos. Fitzpatrick; Michael Sullivan.

#### Co I, "Grimsley Guards"

Capt. B. Newton Hart; 1st Lt. Thomas Keith; 2nd Lt. Robert C. Fl(?)pey; 3rd Lt. John Gross (or Croes); 1st Sgt. Otis Barclay; 2nd Sgt. Jere A. Ivory; 3rd Sgt. James McGeff; 4th Sgt. James Reynolds; 5th Sgt. P.P.O. Gorman; 1st Corp. John Collins; 2nd Corp. Joseph Fisher; 3rd Corp. W.H.H. Parker; 4th Corp. John H. Ford; Privates: James H. Ladand; A. Papin; Ed Joyell; Chas. W. Redmond; Ed Papin; Daniel Derger; Wm. Boob; Theo Woods; Pat Leary; John Woodcock; Ed Flood; Wm. Knight; Pat Doling; Wm. Shea; Jas. Pomeroy; Wm. H. True; Thomas Horan; Thomas Ryan; Thomas Walsh; John McCaffrey; Luke Hughes; Michael Galligan; Hy Perkins; M.H. Harrison; John Kelly; James Rooney; Mat. Harrigan; Jas. Tucker; John Ford; Jas. Reynolds; Michael Kennedy; Ed Dolan; Jas. Keenan; Wm. Malone; Thos. Condon; John Mullins; John Morgan; Pat Reilly.

#### Co K. "Davis Guards"

Capt. Emile Longuemare; 1<sup>st</sup> Lt. Louis T. Kretchmar; 2<sup>nd</sup> Lt. A. H. Hopton; 3<sup>rd</sup> Lt. Jules J. Leduc; 1<sup>st</sup> Sgt. James Reed; 2<sup>nd</sup> Sgt. E. Elliott; 3<sup>rd</sup> Sgt. Daniel McFarland; 4<sup>th</sup> Sgt. Patrick Curran. Privates: M. McLauglin; Mathew Doogan; Pat Kelly; Mark Weekes; John Corcoran; James English; M. Murphy; Thos. Quan; Edw. Flannagan; John Mutler; E. Noonan; J. Rollins; M. Gately; John Casey; Philip Purtell Cornelius Keating; M. Jennings; P. Walsh; John McDonnell; James McGuire; John

Donnavan; Wm. Paxter; Wm. Deegan; Thos. Weegan; James Murphy; Robt. Gallagher; M. Flaherty; John Doonevan; John Donnevan; L. Mahoney; Patrick Lane; David Melton; John Logan; Jno. McDermott; Lawrence Early; Wm. Walsh; James Courtenay; Wm. Mitchell; Dominick Donaghue; Thomas Coyle; E. Rollins; Chas. Dollahan; James Connerty; Thomas Dillon; D. Wolfe; Thos. Collins.

The 2<sup>nd</sup> Regiment roster will be published in the May issue of the Southern Cross newsletter.

Flag of Company G, 1<sup>st</sup> Regiment, "Missouri Guard", popularly known as the Camp Jackson flag. (Flag graphics created by Scott K. Williams).





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